

**CHAPTER 1**  
**Licensing and Regulation of Animals**

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**SEC. 7-1-1 DOG LICENSE REQUIRED; DEFINITIONS.**

(a) LICENSE REQUIRED. It shall be unlawful for any person in the Village of Bear Creek to own, harbor or keep any dog more than five (5) months of age after July 1 of the license year, or any fowl of any kind without complying with the provisions of this Chapter relating to the listing, licensing and tagging of the same.

(b) DEFINITIONS. In this Chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise require:

- (1) "Owner" shall mean any person owning, harboring or keeping animals, and the occupant of any premises on which animals remains or to which it customarily returns daily for a period of ten (10) days is presumed to be harboring or keeping animals within the meaning of this Section.
- (2) "At large" means to be off the premises of the owner and not under the control of some person either by leash or otherwise, but a dog or cat within an automobile of its owner, or in an automobile of any other person with the consent of the owner of said dog or cat shall be deemed to be upon the owner's premises.
- (3) "Dog" shall mean any canine, regardless of age or sex.
- (4) "Cat" shall mean any feline, regardless of age or sex.
- (5) "Neutered" as used herein as describing a dog or cat shall mean a dog or cat having non-functional generative organs.
- (6) "Fowl" shall mean any chicken, hens only.

State Law Reference: Sections 174.05 through 174.10, Wis. Stats.

## SEC. 7-1-2 RABIES VACCINATION REQUIRED FOR LICENSE.

(a) **RABIES VACCINATION.** The owner of a dog shall have the dog vaccinated against rabies by a veterinarian within thirty (30) days after the dog reaches four (4) months of age and revaccinated within one year after the initial vaccination. If the owner obtains the dog or brings the dog into the Village of Bear Creek after the dog has reached four (4) months of age, the owner shall have the dog vaccinated against rabies within thirty (30) days after the dog is obtained or brought into the Village unless the dog has been vaccinated as evidenced by a current certificate of rabies vaccination from this state or another state. The owner of a dog shall have the dog revaccinated against rabies by a veterinarian before the date that the immunization expires as stated on the certificate of vaccination or, if no date is specified, within three (3) years after the previous vaccination. The certificate of vaccination shall meet the requirements of Section 95.21(2), Wis. Stats.

(b) **ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF RABIES VACCINATION.** A veterinarian who vaccinates a dog against rabies shall complete and issue to the owner a certificate of rabies vaccination bearing a serial number and the form approved by the department stating the owner's name and address, the name, sex, spayed or unspayed, neutered or unneutered, breed and color of the dog, the date of the vaccination, the type of rabies vaccine administered and the manufacturer's serial number, the date that the immunization expires as specified for that type of vaccine by the center for disease control of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and the village where the dog is required to be licensed.

(c) **COPIES OF CERTIFICATE.** The veterinarian shall keep a copy of each certificate of rabies vaccination in a file maintained for this purpose until the date that the immunization expires or until the dog is revaccinated, whichever occurs first.

(d) **RABIES VACCINATION TAG.** After issuing the certificate of rabies vaccination, the veterinarian shall deliver to the owner a rabies vaccination tag of durable material bearing the same serial number as the certificate, the year the vaccination was given and the name, address and telephone number of the veterinarian.

(e) **TAG TO BE ATTACHED.** The owner shall attach the rabies vaccination tag or a substitute tag to a collar and a collar with the tag attached shall be kept on the dog at all times, but this requirement does not apply to a dog during competition or training, to a dog while hunting, to a dog securely confined indoors or to a dog Licensing of Dogs and Regulation of Animals securely confined in a fenced area. The substitute tag shall be of a durable material and contain the same information as the rabies vaccination tag. The requirements of this paragraph do not apply to a dog which is not required to be vaccinated under Subsection (a).

(f) **DUPLICATE TAG.** The veterinarian may furnish a new rabies vaccination tag with a new serial number to an owner in place of the original tag upon presentation of the certificate of rabies vaccination. The veterinarian shall then indicate the new tag number on the certificate and keep a record in the file.

(g) **COST.** The owner shall pay the cost of the rabies vaccination and the cost associated with the issuance of a certificate of rabies vaccination and the delivery of a rabies vaccination tag.

## SEC. 7-1-3 ISSUANCE OF DOG AND KENNEL LICENSES.

(a) **DOG LICENSES.**

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person in the Village of Bear Creek to own, harbor or keep any dog more than five (5) months of age without complying with the provisions of

Section 174.05 through Section 174.10, Wisconsin Statutes, relating to the listing, licensing and tagging of the same.

(2) The owner of any dog more than five (5) months of age on January 1 of any year, or five (5) months of age within the license year, shall annually, or on or before the date the dog becomes five (5) months of age, pay a license tax and obtain a license.

(3) The minimum license tax under this Section shall be Five (\$5.00) Dollars for spayed females or neutered males. The minimum fee for unspayed or unneutered animals shall be Ten (\$10.00) Dollars. These amounts shall be reduced by one-half if the animal became five (5) months of age after July 1 during the license year. The license year shall commence January 1 and end December 31.

(4) Upon payment of the required license tax and upon presentation of evidence that the dog is currently immunized against rabies, as required by Section 7-1-2 of this Chapter, the Village Treasurer shall complete and issue to the owner a license for such dog containing all information required by state law. The Treasurer shall also deliver to the owner, at the time of issuance of the license, a tag of durable material bearing the same serial number as the license, the name of the county in which issued and the license year.

(5) The owner shall securely attach the tag to a collar and the collar with the tag attached shall be kept on the dog for which the license is issued at all times.

(6) The fact that a dog is without a tag attached to the dog by means of a collar shall be presumptive evidence that the dog is unlicensed. Any law enforcement, animal control or humane officer shall seize, impound or restrain any dog for which a dog license is required which is found without such tag attached.

(7) Notwithstanding the foregoing, every dog specifically trained to lead blind or deaf persons is exempt from dog license tax and every person owning such a dog shall receive annually a free dog license from the Treasurer upon application therefor.

(b) KENNEL LICENSES.

(1) Any person who keeps or operates a kennel may, instead of the license tax for each dog required by this Chapter, apply for a kennel license for the keeping or operating of the kennel. Such person shall pay for the license year a license tax of Thirty (\$30.00) Dollars for a kennel of twelve (12) or fewer dogs and an additional Three (\$3.00) Dollars for each dog in excess of twelve (12). Upon payment of the required kennel license tax and, if required by the Village Board, upon presentation of evidence that all dogs over five (5) months of age are currently immunized against rabies, the Village Treasurer shall issue the kennel license and a number of tags equal to the number of dogs authorized to be kept in the kennel.

(2) The owner or keeper of a kennel shall keep at all times a kennel license tag attached to the collar of each dog over five (5) months old kept by the owner or keeper under a kennel license but this requirement does not apply to a show dog during competition, to a dog confined in a fenced area. These tags may be transferred from one dog to another within the kennel whenever any dog is removed from the kennel. The rabies vaccination tag or substitute tag shall remain attached to the dog for which it is issued at all times, but this requirement does not apply to a show dog during competition, to a dog securely confined indoors or to a dog securely confined in a fenced area. No dog bearing a kennel tag shall be permitted to stray or to be taken anywhere outside the limits of the kennel unless the dog is in leash or temporarily for the purposes of hunting, breeding, trial, training or competition.

State Law Reference: Section 174.053, Wis. Stats.

SEC. 7-1-4 LATE FEE.

The Village Treasurer shall assess and collect a late fee of Five (\$5.00) Dollars from every owner of a dog five (5) months of age or over, if the owner failed to obtain a license prior to April 1 of each year, or within thirty (30) days of acquiring ownership of a licensable dog or if the owner failed to obtain a license on or before the dog reached licensable age.

SEC.7-1-5 KEEPING OF LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY REGULATED

(1) No person shall keep or maintain any livestock such as horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, goats or pigeons.

(2) Keeping of Chickens

(a) Within the Village of Bear Creek, female chickens (hens) are allowed on lots with single family dwellings. Roosters are not allowed within the Village limits of Bear Creek. Each dwelling shall have a maximum number of up to six (6) hens. There will be no slaughtering of chickens within the Village limits of Bear Creek, except on properties zoned and approved for such use. Raising or keeping of hens for fighting and the fighting of hens and other fowl is not allowed within the Village of Bear Creek as per Wisconsin Statute 951.08. All food must be kept in airtight containers that are out of reach of wild animals. Hens must be provided with a building structure that houses them. No coop shall be located closer than 25 feet to any residential structure in an adjacent lot.

(3) GENERAL CARE REQUIREMENTS. Chickens must be properly cared for.

- (a) Food must be provided daily and must be proper for chickens in accordance with § 951.13.(1), Wis. Stats.
- (b) Clean water must always be provided and changed daily in accordance with § 951.13.(2), Wis. Stats.

(4) APPLICATION PROCESS. Applications will be submitted to the Village Clerk's office and must contain the following:

- (a) Show the desired location for the coop and run drawing of the lot.
- (b) Property must be owner-occupied.

(5) LICENSES AND FEES.

- (a) Licenses are for a 1-year term beginning April<sup>st</sup> of each year.
- (b) License fee is required annually (\$20) and will not be prorated for any portion of a year. The fee will be set by Village Board.
- (c) Licenses not renewed by March 31<sup>st</sup> will be assessed a late fee of \$20. The late fee will be set by Village Board.
- (d) License must be obtained prior to having chicken on the premises.

(6) RENEWAL PROCESS. All licenses must be renewed on an annual basis prior to April 1 of each year. License renewals will be submitted to the Village Clerk's office and shall include the following:

(a) Current proof of residence and an annual fee of \$20.00.

(7) PENALTIES.

(a) General complaints. This includes noise complaints and nuisance complaints and others.

(1) A warning will be given to the permit holder that if similar complaints continue, a fee will be assessed as well as the potential loss of a license. If violation found, warning given as a 10-day written notice to correct violation or subject to citation under the terms of ordinance violations and penalties

(b) Animal cruelty violations. These consist of but are not limited to inadequate food or water, dirty coop, improper temperature conditions for the birds, sick or unhealthy birds, and improper coop size.

(1) First offense: A warning would be given with the order to fix the problem within a week or to provide proof of a start to fix the problem.

(2) Second offense: The license of the permit holder will be revoked indefinitely and either prosecution under Wisconsin State Law or a fine of \$500.

(c) Complaints on cleanliness, number of chickens, care of chickens shall be reported to Village.

#### SEC. 7-1-6 RABIES QUARANTINE.

(a) DOGS AND CATS CONFINED. If a district is quarantined for rabies, all dogs and cats within the Village shall be kept securely confined, tied, leashed or muzzled. Any dog or cat not confined, tied, leashed or muzzled is declared a public nuisance and may be impounded. All officers shall cooperate in the enforcement of the quarantine. The Village Clerk shall promptly post in at least three (3) public places in the Village, notices of quarantine furnished by the department for posting.

(b) EXEMPTION OF VACCINATED DOG OR CAT FROM VILLAGE QUARANTINE. A dog or cat which is immunized currently against rabies, as evidenced by a valid certificate of rabies vaccination or other evidence is exempt from the Village quarantine provisions of Subsection (a) if a rabies vaccination tag or substitute tag is attached to the dog's or cat's collar.

(c) QUARANTINE OR SACRIFICE OF AN ANIMAL SUSPECTED OF BITING A PERSON OR BEING INFECTED OR EXPOSED TO RABIES.

(1) Quarantine or Sacrifice of Dog or Cat. A Law enforcement, animal control, humane or health officer shall order a dog or cat quarantined if such officer has reason to believe that the animal bit a person, is infected with rabies or has been in contact with a rabid animal. If a quarantine cannot be imposed because the dog or cat cannot be captured, the

officer may kill the animal. The officer may kill a dog or cat only as a last resort, or if the owner agrees. The officer shall attempt to kill the animal in a humane manner and in a manner, which avoids damage to the animal's head.

(2) Sacrifice of Other Animals. An officer may order killed or may kill an animal other than a dog or cat if the officer has reason to believe that the animal bit a person, or is infected with rabies.

(d) QUARANTINE OF DOG OR CAT.

(1) Delivery to Isolation Facility or Quarantine on Premises of Owner. A law enforcement, animal control, humane or health officer who orders a dog or cat to be quarantined shall deliver the animal or shall order the animal delivered to an isolation facility as soon as possible but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the original order is issued or the officer may order the animal to be quarantined on the premises of the owner if the animal is immunized currently against rabies as evidenced by a valid certificate of rabies vaccination or other evidence.

(2) Health Risk to Humans. If a dog or cat is ordered to be quarantined because there is reason to believe that the animal bit a person, the custodian of an isolation facility or the owner shall keep the animal under strict isolation under the supervision of a veterinarian for at least ten (10) days after the incident occurred. In this paragraph, "supervision of a veterinarian" includes, at a minimum, examination of the animal on the first day of isolation, on the last day of isolation and on one intervening day. If the observation period is not extended and if the veterinarian certifies that the dog or cat has not exhibited any signs of rabies, the animal may be released from quarantine at the end of the observation period.

(3) Risk to Animal Health.

(a) If a dog or cat is ordered to be quarantined because there is reason to believe that the animal has been exposed to a rabid animal and if the dog or cat is not currently immunized against rabies, the custodian of an isolation facility or the owner shall keep the animal leashed or confined for one hundred eighty (180) days after the exposure to a rabid animal.

(b) If a dog or cat is ordered to be quarantined because there is reason to believe that the animal has been exposed to a rabid animal but if the dog or cat is immunized against rabies, the custodian of an isolation facility or the owner shall keep the animal leashed or confined for sixty (60) days. The owner shall have the animal revaccinated against rabies as soon as possible after exposure to a rabid animal.

(4) Sacrifice of a Dog or Cat Exhibiting Symptoms of Rabies. If a veterinarian determines that a dog or cat exhibits symptoms of rabies during the original or extended observation period, the veterinarian shall notify the owner and the officer who ordered the animal quarantined and the officer or veterinarian shall kill the animal in a humane manner and in a manner, which avoids damage to the animal's head. If the dog or cat is suspected to have bitten a person, the veterinarian shall notify the person or the person's physician.

(e) DELIVERY OF CARCASS; PREPARATION; EXAMINATION BY LABORATORY OF HYGIENE. An officer who kills an animal shall deliver the carcass to a veterinarian or local health department. The veterinarian or local health department shall prepare the carcass, properly prepare and package the head of the animal in a manner to minimize deterioration, arrange for

delivery by the most expeditious means feasible of the head of the animal to the State Laboratory of Hygiene and dispose of or arrange for the disposal of the remainder of the carcass in a manner which minimizes the risk or exposure to any rabies virus. The Laboratory of Hygiene shall examine the specimen and determine if the animal was infected with rabies. The State Laboratory of Hygiene shall notify the department, the veterinarian or local health department which prepared the carcass and, if the animal is suspected to have bitten a person, that person or that person's physician.

(f) COOPERATION OF VETERINARIAN. Any practicing veterinarian who is requested to be involved in the rabies control program by an officer is encouraged to cooperate in a professional capacity with the department, the Laboratory of Hygiene, the local health department, the officer involved and, if the animal is suspected to have bitten a person, the person's physician.

(g) RESPONSIBILITY FOR QUARANTINE AND LABORATORY EXPENSES. The owner of an animal is responsible for any expenses incurred in connection with keeping the animal in an isolation facility, supervision and examination of the animal by a veterinarian, preparation of the carcass for laboratory examination and the fee for the laboratory examination. If the owner is unknown, the county is responsible for these expenses.

#### SEC. 7-1-7 RESTRICTIONS ON KEEPING OF DOGS, CATS, FOWL AND OTHER ANIMALS.

(a) RESTRICTIONS. It shall be unlawful for any person within the Village of Bear Creek to own, harbor or keep any dog, cat or fowl which:

- (1) Habitually pursues any vehicle upon any public street, alley or highway in the village.
- (2) Assaults or attacks any person or destroys property.
- (3) Is at large within the limits of the Village.
- (4) Habitually barks, howls or crows to the annoyance of any person or persons. (See Sec. 7-1-13.)
- (5) Kills, wounds or worries any domestic animal.
- (6) Is known by such person to be infected with rabies or to have been bitten by an animal known to have been infected with rabies.
- (7) Is unlicensed.

(b) VICIOUS DOGS AND ANIMALS.

(1) No vicious dog shall be allowed off the premises of its owner unless muzzled or on a leash in charge of the owner or a member of the owner's immediate family over sixteen (16) years of age. For purposes of enforcing this Section, a dog shall be deemed as being of a vicious disposition if, within any twelve (12) month period, it bites two (2) or more persons or inflicts serious injury to one

(1) person in unprovoked circumstances off the owner's premises. Any vicious dog which is found off the premises of its owner, other than as hereinabove provided, may be seized by any person, and upon delivery to the proper authorities, may, upon establishment to the satisfaction of a court of competent jurisdiction of the vicious character of said dog, by testimony under oath reduced to writing, be killed by law enforcement authorities.

(2) No person shall harbor or permit to remain on their premises any animal that is habitually inclined toward attacking persons or animals, destroying property, barking excessively or making excessive noises or running after automobiles.

(c) ANIMALS RUNNING AT LARGE.

(1) No person having in their possession or ownership any animal or fowl shall allow the same to run at large within the Village. The owner of any animal, whether licensed or

unlicensed, shall keep his animal tied or enclosed in a proper enclosure so as not to allow said animal to interfere with the passing public or neighbors. Any animal running at large unlicensed and required by state law or Village ordinance to be licensed shall be seized and impounded by a humane, animal control or law enforcement officer.

(2) Any animal shall not be running at large if it is on a leash and under control of a person physically able to control it.

(d) OWNER'S LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE CAUSED BY DOGS; PENALTIES. The provisions of Section 174.02, Wis. Stats., relating to the owner's liability for damage caused by dogs together with the penalties therein set forth are hereby adopted and incorporated herein by reference.

(e) KEEPING OF MORE THAN THREE DOGS PROHIBITED. Except as provided in Sec.7-1-3 (b), no person shall own, harbor or keep more than three (3) dogs over the age of five (5) months within the corporate limits of the Village of Bear Creek.

(f) HORSES WITHIN THE VILLAGE OF BEAR CREEK

(1) HORSES PERMITTED UNDER CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS; PENALTIES.

Horseback riding, strolling, walking of horses and a horse pulling a sulky and driver shall be permitted on the Village roads, streets, alleys and highways when under the control of a competent person.

(2) It is unlawful for any person to intentionally permit a horse to walk upon the Village sidewalks, parking lots or public parks without a permit issued by the Village Board.

(3) Horses under the control of a competent person are permitted on private property where the owner of the property consents.

(g) REMOVAL OF HORSE MANURE. The person having control of any horse shall be responsible for removing within one hour after its occurrence any and all defecated manure which has been excreted from the animal's bowels onto the Village roads, streets, highways, alleys, sidewalks, parking lots and public parks.

SEC. 7-1-8 IMPOUNDMENT OF ANIMALS.

(a) IMPOUNDING OF ANIMALS. In addition, any penalty hereinafter provided for a violation of this Chapter, any law enforcement, animal control or humane officer may impound any dog, cat, fowl or other animal which habitually pursues any vehicle upon any street, alley or highway of this Village, assaults or attacks any person, is at large within the Village, habitually barks, cries or howls, crows, kills, wounds or worries any domestic animal or is infected with rabies. For an animal to be impounded, the impounding officer must see or hear the violation of this Section or have in his possession a signed statement of a complaining witness alleging the facts regarding the violation and containing an agreement to reimburse the Village for any damages it sustains for improper or illegal seizure.

(b) CLAIMING ANIMAL; DISPOSAL OF UNCLAIMED ANIMALS. After seizure of animals under this section by a law enforcement, animal control or humane officer, the animal shall be impounded. Such officer shall notify the owner personally or through the U.S. Mail, if such owner be known to the officer or can be ascertained with reasonable effort, but if such owner be unknown or unascertainable, the officer shall post written notice in three (3) public places in the Village, giving a description of the animal, stating where it is impounded and the conditions for its release, after the officer has taken such animal into his possession. If within seven (7) days after such notice, the owner does not claim such animal, the animal may be disposed in a proper and humane manner; provided, if an animal before being impounded has bitten a person, the animal shall be retained in the Animal Shelter for fourteen (14) days for observation purposes.



Within such times the owner may reclaim the animal upon payment of an impoundment fee as established by resolution of the Village Board, plus an additional maintenance fee for each day the animal shall remain in the animal shelter.

(c) SALE OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS. If the owner does not reclaim the animal within seven (7) days, the village (or acting party) may sell the animal to any willing buyer.

(d) VILLAGE NOT LIABLE FOR IMPOUNDING ANIMALS. The Village shall not be liable for the death of any animal which has been impounded or disposed of pursuant to this Section.

SEC. 7-1-9 DOGS AND CATS RESTRICTED ON CEMETERIES.

No dog or cat shall be permitted in any public cemetery. Every dog specially trained to lead blind persons shall be exempt from this Section.

SEC. 7-1-10 DUTY OF OWNER IN CASE OF DOG OR CAT BITE.

Every owner or person harboring or keeping a dog or cat who knows that such dog or cat has bitten any person shall immediately report such fact to the Village Clerk and shall keep such dog or cat confined for not less than fourteen (14) days or for such period as the Village President shall direct. The owner or keeper of any such dog or cat shall surrender the dog or cat to a law enforcement, animal control or humane officer upon demand for examination.

SEC. 7-1-11 ANIMAL FECES.

The owner or person in charge of any dog or other animal shall not permit solid fecal matter of such animal to deposit on any street, alley or other public or private property, unless such matter is immediately removed therefrom by said owner or person in charge. Anyone walking a dog without proper cleanup materials may be deemed in violation of this Section. This Section shall not apply to a person who is visually or physically handicapped.

SEC. 7-1-12 INJURY TO PROPERTY BY ANIMALS.

It shall be unlawful for any person owning or possessing an animal to permit such animal to go upon any parkway or private lands or premises without the permission of the owner of such premises, and break, bruise, tear up, crush or injure any lawn, flower bed, plant, shrub, tree or garden in any manner whatsoever, or to defecate thereon.

SEC. 7-1-13 ANIMAL NOISE.

It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to keep or harbor any dog which habitually barks, howls or yelps, or any cat which habitually cries or howls to the great discomfort of the peace and quiet of the neighborhood or in such manner as to materially disturb or annoy persons in the neighborhood who are of ordinary sensibilities. Additionally, anyone harboring birds that squawk, crow or make unpleasant noises will be considered a nuisance. Such animals are hereby declared to be a public nuisance. Animals in violation of this Section when two (2) formal, written complaints are filed with the Village Clerk within a four (4) week period.

SEC. 7-1-14 PROHIBITED AND PROTECTED ANIMALS.

(a) PROTECTED ANIMALS.

(1) Possession and Sale of Protected Animals. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to possess with intent to sell or offer for sale, or buy or attempt to buy, within the Village any of the following animals, alive or dead, or any part or product thereof: all wild cats of the family felidae, polar bear (*thalarctos maritimus*), red wolf (*canis niger*), vicuna (*vicugna vicugna*), or alligator, caiman or crocodile of the order of crocodilia, gray

or timber wolf (*canis lupus*), sea otter (*enhydra lutris*), Pacific ridley turtle (*lepidochelys olivacea*), Atlantic green turtle (*chelononia mydas*), Mexican ridley turtle (*lepidochelys kempfi*).

(2) Compliance with Federal Regulations. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to buy, sell or offer for sale a native or foreign species or subspecies of mammal, bird, amphibian, or reptile, or the dead body or parts thereof, which appears on the endangered species list designated by the United States Secretary of the Interior and published in the Code of Federal Regulations pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1969 (Public Law 135, 91st Congress).

(3) Regulating the Importation of Certain Birds. No person, firm, or corporation shall import or cause to be imported into this Village any part of the plumage, skin or dead body of any species of hawk, owl, or eagle. This paragraph shall not be construed to forbid or restrict the importation or use of the plumage, skin, body, or any part thereof legally collected for use by the American Indians for ceremonial purposes or in the preservation of their tribal customs and heritage.

(b) EXCEPTIONS. The provisions of Subsection (a) above shall not be deemed to prevent the importation, possession, purchase, or sale of any species by any public agency, institute of higher learning, persons holding federal permits, or by a person holding a Scientific Collectors Permit issued by the Secretary of the Department of Natural Resources of the state, or to any person or organization licensed to present a circus.

(c) WILD ANIMALS; PROHIBITION ON KEEPING. It shall be unlawful for any person to keep, maintain or have in his possession or under his control within the Village any poisonous reptile or any other dangerous or carnivorous wild animal or reptile, any vicious or dangerous domesticated animal or any other animal or reptile of wild, vicious or dangerous propensities. Specifically, it shall be unlawful for any person to keep, maintain or have in his possession or under his control within the Village any of the following animals:

(1) All poisonous animals and reptiles including rear-fang snakes.

(2) Apes: Chimpanzees (*Pan*); gibbons (*Hylobates*); gorillas (*Gorilla*); orangutans (*Pongo*); and siamangs (*Symphalangus*).

(3) Baboons (*Pa.poi*, *Mandrillus*).

(4) Bears (*Ursidae*).

(5) Bison (*Bison*).

(6) Cheetahs (*Acinonyx jubatus*).

(7) Crocodilians (*Crocodylia*), thirty (30) inches in length or more.

(8) Constrictor snakes, six (6) feet in length or more.

(9) Coyotes (*Canis latrans*).

(10) Deer (*Cervidae*); includes all members of the deer family, for example, whitetailed deer, elk, antelope and moose.

(11) Elephants (*Elephas* and *Loxodonta*).

(12) Game cocks and other fighting birds.

(13) Hippopotami (*Hippopotamidae*).

(14) Hyenas (*Hyaenidae*).

(15) Jaguars (*Panthera onca*).

(16) Leopards (*Panthera pardus*).

(17) Lions (*Panthera leo*).

(18) Lynxes (*Lynx*).

- (19) Monkeys, old world (Cercopithecidae).
- (20) Ostriches (Struthio).
- (21) Piranha fish (Characidae).
- (22) Pumas (Felis concolor); also known as cougars, mountain lions and panthers.
- (23) Rhinoceroses (Rhinocerotidae).
- (24) Sharks (class Chondrichthyes).
- (25) Snow leopards (Panthera uncia).
- (26) Tigers (Panthera tigris).
- (27) Wolves (Canis lupus).
- (28) Poisonous insects.
- (29) Pit Bull and Staffordshire Terrier Dogs (All types)

(d) PET SHOPS. The provisions of Subsection (c) above shall not apply to licensed pet shops, zoological gardens and circuses, if:

- (1) Their location conforms to the provisions of the zoning ordinance of the Village.
- (2) All animals and animal quarters are kept in a clean and sanitary condition and so, maintained as to eliminate objectionable odors.
- (3) Animals are maintained in quarters so constructed as to prevent their escape.
- (4) No person lives or resides within one hundred (100) feet of the quarters in which the animals are kept.

(e) FARM ANIMALS. Cows, horses, pigs, sheep, and other farm animals shall not be kept within the Village limits unless as an approved or conditional use under Title 10, Chapter 1 (Zoning Code) of this Code of Ordinances is obtained.

#### SEC. 7-1-15 SALE OF ARTIFICIALLY COLORED ANIMALS.

No person may sell, offer for sale, raffle, give as a prize or premium, use as an advertising device or display living chicks, ducklings, other fowl or rabbits that have been dyed or otherwise colored artificially.

State Law Reference: Section 948.11, Wis. Stats.

#### SEC. 7-1-16 PROVIDING PROPER FOOD AND DRINK TO CONFINED ANIMALS.

(a) No person owning or responsible for confining or impounding any animal may refuse or neglect to supply the animal with an adequate supply of food and water as prescribed in this Section.

(b) The food shall be enough to maintain all animals in good health.

(c) If potable water is always not accessible to the animals, it shall be provided daily and in enough quantity for the health of the animal.

State Law Reference: Section 948.13, Wis. Stats.

#### SEC. 7-1-17 PROVIDING PROPER SHELTER.

(a) PROPER SHELTER. No person owning or responsible for confining or impounding any animal may fail to provide the animal with proper shelter as prescribed in this section. In the case of farm animals, nothing in this Section shall be construed as imposing shelter requirements or standards more stringent than normally accepted husbandry practices in the county where the animal or shelter is located.

(b) INDOOR STANDARDS. Minimum indoor standards of shelter shall include:

- (1) Ambient Temperatures. The ambient temperature shall be compatible with the health of the animal.
  - (2) Ventilation. Indoor housing facilities shall always be adequately ventilated by natural or mechanical means to provide for the health of the animals.
  - (c) OUTDOOR STANDARDS. Minimum outdoor standards of shelter shall include:
    - (1) Shelter from Sunlight. When sunlight is likely to cause heat exhaustion of an animal tied or caged outside, sufficient shade by natural or artificial means shall be provided to protect the animal from direct sunlight. As used in this paragraph, "caged" does not include farm fencing used to confine farm animals.
    - (2) Shelter from Inclement Weather.
      - (a) All animals generally. Natural or artificial shelter appropriate to the local climatic conditions for the species concerned shall be provided as necessary for the health of the animal.
      - (b) Dogs. If a dog is tied or confined unattended outdoors under weather conditions which adversely affect the health of the dog, a shelter of suitable size to accommodate the dog shall be provided.
  - (d) SPACE STANDARDS. Minimum space requirements for both indoor and outdoor enclosures shall include:
    - (1) Structural Strength. The housing facilities shall be structurally sound and maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.
    - (2) Space Requirements. Enclosures shall be constructed and maintained so as to provide enough space to allow each animal adequate freedom of movement. Inadequate space may be indicated by evidence of debility, stress or abnormal behavior patterns.
  - (e) SANITATION STANDARDS. Minimum standards of sanitation for both indoor and outdoor enclosures shall include periodic cleaning to remove excreta and other waste materials, dirt and trash to minimize health hazards.
- State Law Reference: Section 948.14, Wis. Stats.

#### SEC. 7-1-18 NEGLECTED OR ABANDONED ANIMALS.

- (a) No person may abandon any animal.
- (b) Any law enforcement officer may remove, shelter and care for animal found to be cruelly exposed to the weather, starved or denied adequate water, neglected, abandoned or otherwise treated in a cruel manner and may deliver such animal to another person to be sheltered, cared for and given medical attention, if necessary. In all cases the owner, if known, shall be immediately notified and such officer, or other person, having possession of the animal shall have a lien thereon for its care, keeping and medical attention and the expense of notice.
- (c) If the owner or custodian is unknown and cannot with reasonable effort be ascertained or does not within five (5) days after notice redeem the animal by paying the expenses incurred, it may be treated as a stray and dealt with as such.
- (d) Whenever in the opinion of any such officer an animal is hopelessly injured or diseased to be beyond the probability of recovery it shall be lawful for such officer to kill such animal and the owner thereof shall not recover damages for the killing of such animal unless he shall prove that such killing was unwarranted.
- (e) Section 948.16, Investigation of Cruelty Complaints, and Section 948.17, Wis. Stats.,

Expenses of Investigation, are hereby adopted by reference and made a part of this Chapter.

State Law Reference: 948.15, 948.16 and 948.17, Wis. Stats.

SEC. 7-1-19 CRUELTY TO ANIMALS AND BIRDS PROHIBITED.

No person except a police officer or health or humane officer in the pursuit of his duties, shall within the Village shoot or kill or commit an act of cruelty to any animal or bird or disturb any bird's nests or bird's eggs.

SEC. 7-1-20 TRAPPING OF ANIMALS.

(a) In the interest of public health and safety, it shall be unlawful for any person, in or on land within the Village, to set, place or tend any trap for the purpose of trapping, killing, catching, wounding, worrying or molesting any animal, except by use of live box-type traps only. Live box-type traps shall be defined as those traps which capture and hold an animal in an alive and unharmed condition.

(b) This Section shall prohibit the use of all traps other than live traps as described above, including, but not limited to, traps commonly known as leg traps, pan-type traps or other traps designed to kill, wound or close upon a portion of the body of an animal.

(c) All such traps set, placed or tended shall comply with Chapter 29 of the Wisconsin Statutes as they relate to trapping.

(d) This Section shall not apply to trapping within the confines of buildings or homes.

(e) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit or hinder the Village or its employees or agent, from performing their official duties.

SEC. 7-1-21 PENALTIES.

(a) Any person violating Sections 7-1-16, 7-1-17, 7-1-18, 7-1-19, 7-1-20, shall be subject to a forfeiture of not less than Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars and not more than Two Hundred (\$200.00) Dollars. This Section shall also permit the Village Attorney to apply to the court of competent jurisdiction for a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating any aspect of this ordinance.

(b) (1) Anyone who violates Sections 7-1-1, 7-1-2, 7-1-3, 7-1-4 and 7-1-6 of this Code of Ordinances or Chapter 174, Wis. Stats., shall be subject to a forfeiture of not less than Twenty-five (\$25.00) Dollars and not more than Two Hundred (\$200.00) Dollars for the first offense and not less than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars and not more than Four Hundred (\$400.00) Dollars for any subsequent offenses.

(2) Refusal to comply with order or quarantine. An owner who refuses to comply with an order issued under Section 7-1-6 to deliver an animal to an officer, isolation facility or veterinarian or who does not comply with the conditions of an order that an animal be quarantined shall be fined not less than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars nor more than One Thousand (\$1,000.00) Dollars or imprisoned not more than sixty (60) days or both.

(c) Any person who violates Sections 7-1-5, 7-1-7 through 7-1-13 of this Code of Ordinances shall be subject to a forfeiture of not less than Twenty-five (\$25.00) Dollars and not more than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars for the first violation and not less than Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars and not more than Two Hundred (\$200.00) Dollars for subsequent violations.